

JUSTICE AND RECOVERY GUIDE

A PROJECT OF

COMMUNITY ADVOCATES OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY

AND

NAMI PA OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Acknowledgements

Many organizations and individuals provided input as this guide was developed. We wish to thank them all, and apologize if we have omitted anyone. Our workgroup reviewed many other guides which served as models and sources of information and inspiration. Please see the Online Resources section at the end of this guide for links to selected guides from other organization and states.

Carol Caruso, National Alliance on Mental Illness (NAMI) Pennsylvania of Montgomery County

Charlie Folks, Eagleville Hospital

Anthony Garcia, Community Advocates of Montgomery County

Michael Gordon, Montgomery County Adult Probation and Parole

Marie Hendricks, Magellan Behavioral Health

Michael Kehs, Montgomery County Courts

Don Kline, Montgomery County Emergency Services (MCES)

Glenn Koons, Certified Peer Specialist

Ellen Kozlowski, Community Advocates of Montgomery County

Kathy Laws, National Alliance on Mental Illness (NAMI) Pennsylvania of Montgomery County

Mary Ann Lister, Montgomery County Public Safety

Kathie Mitchell, Community Advocates of Montgomery County

Julie Peticca, Montgomery County Emergency Services (MCES)

J.D. Rees, The Main Link, Towanda, PA

Tony Salvatore, Montgomery County Emergency Services (MCES)

Sue Shannon, Community Advocates of Montgomery County

Jonathon Sigal, Certified Peer Specialist, Forensic Peer Support

Sue Soriano, National Alliance on Mental Illness (NAMI) Pennsylvania of Montgomery County

Sandra Watson, HopeWorx, Inc.

Nancy Wieman, Montgomery County Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities (BH/DD)

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This Guide Does Not Contain Legal Advice

This Guide is intended to provide introductory non-technical information about the Montgomery County, Pennsylvania criminal justice and mental health systems. It does not contain legal advice.

The Pennsylvania criminal justice system can vary considerably from county to county. Each jurisdiction can have distinct local police enforcement, laws, courts, jails, and post-incarceration services. Your city or county may determine whether criminal justice personnel are trained to handle mental health crisis or treatment, whether there is jail diversion at different points in the system, and what rules and structure apply in jail and other stages of the system. In addition, the types of available public psychiatric services, procedures for their access, and pertinent legal provisions also vary widely. All of the information in this guide will not be applicable to each specific jurisdiction. Please consult appropriate mental health, advocacy, and/or legal resources to learn about the applicable service mechanisms, procedures, and laws for the jurisdiction with which the person with mental illness has encountered.

Justice and Recovery Guide

A resource guide for people experiencing justice related issues and mental illness

Introduction

This guide is designed for anyone with a mental illness who may be involved in the criminal justice system or their family members or friends to provide information and resources to navigate the justice system that will help divert people from jail into treatment and support.

Frequently when individuals with mental illness get in trouble with the law it is a direct result of psychiatric symptoms. When this happens, the response should be a mental health response such as referral to crisis services, outreach or hospitalization, rather than a criminal justice response that could include filing charges, arrest and incarceration.

Unfortunately, for various reasons, many individuals end up arrested and incarcerated in jails or prisons. In an ideal world, with the best clinical practices in place, people with mental illnesses would rarely encounter the criminal justice system.

In Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, programs have been established to support people involved in the criminal justice system by building an infrastructure of diversion programs to help people stay out of jail and engage in treatment that promotes recovery.

The Sequential Intercept Model was developed by Drs. Mark R. Munetz and Patricia A. Griffin of the GAINS Center in Florida. It is a concept for communities to use which identifies points of interception in the criminal justice system where interventions can be made to prevent people with mental illnesses from going to jail because of their symptoms or to reduce the length of time individuals remain incarcerated.

The Sequential Intercept Model was used as a format for this guide, which is specific to Montgomery County. The model has five intercepts which will be explained in this guide. But before we proceed, we must define the Ultimate Intercept, that is, to have an accessible, comprehensive, effective mental health treatment system that would:

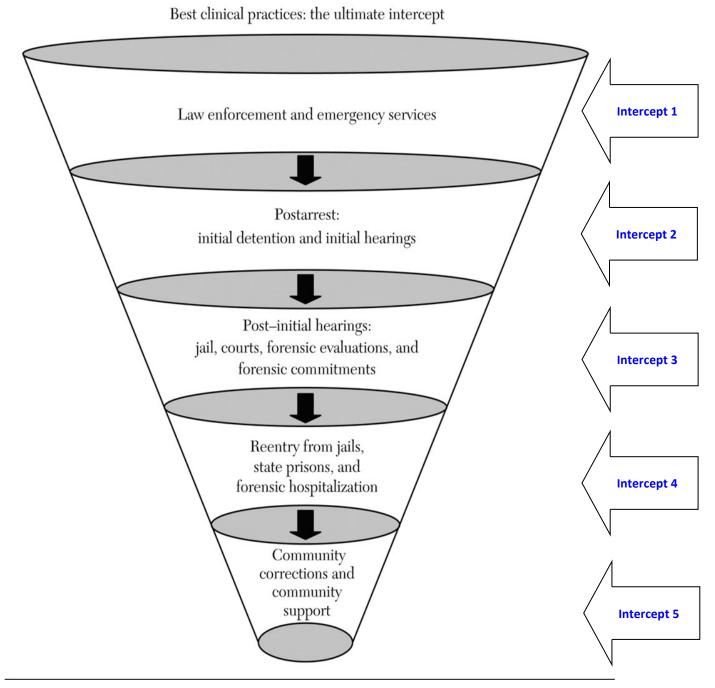
- Focus on the needs of individuals with serious and persistent mental challenges
- Have an effective base of services that includes competent, supportive clinicians
- Provide Community Support Services such as case management, medication, vocational, educational, peer support and other resources
- Provide safe and affordable housing
- Offer crisis services

If you are reading this guide then we assume that you may be in a crisis or know someone who is, and need assistance as soon as possible. With that in mind, we have created a "user friendly" guide that will provide quick reference information for assistance in a crisis or emergency. We have compiled an extensive list of resources and information for you to access and review when you have time to educate yourself about the more technical aspects of navigating the justice system and finding supports that will promote recovery.

Disclaimer: This is not a substitute for legal advice.

Figure 1

The Sequential Intercept Model viewed as a series of filters



Mark R. Munetz and Patricia A. Griffin

Use of the Sequential Intercept Model as an Approach to Decriminalization of People With Serious Mental Illness
Psychiatr Serv, Apr 2006; 57: 544 - 549.

What to Do If You or a Loved One Encounters the Legal System

Quick Guide - Find the box which corresponds to where you are in the process. For more detail, go to the corresponding section below.

Intercept 1

Law Enforcement & Emergency Services

jail, or are at MCES. just arrived at the police station or may be about to be arrested, have needed or have been called. You Police or emergency services are

CALL

- (800) 452-4189 MCES 610-279-6100 or
- 911 ask for an officer with special training in mental
- know where you are A friend or family to let them
- 855-634-4673 Access Mobile Crisis Support

DO

- Be polite and respectful
- Follow instructions
- Keep your hands where they can be seen
- Do not struggle with police
- Exercise your right to remain

See Section 1 for more information.

Intercept 2

Initial detention & court hear-

bail facing a hearing. health facility or released on in detention, at a mental You have been arrested, are

CALL

- 610-270-0375 Community Advocates
- 610-278-3295 **Public Defender**
- Assn. 610-279-9660 Montgomery County Bar
- NAMI 215-361-7784
- Services 610-279-6100 MCES Justice Related
- BHC & VC Coordinator 610-324-4902

00

- Get legal advice
- Talk with recovery coach or therapist if you have
- Enlist help and support of peers, family, clergy,
- discuss options Contact advocates to

See Section 2 for more information.

Intercept 3

community waiting for a to a hospital or in the court hearing. You are in jail, committed

- Social worker at jail or
- Call BHC & VC 610-324-4902 Coordinator
- Community Advocates 610-270-0375

00

- Follow instructions
- Join groups at jail or that can help you Learn about resources
- hospital
- Contact advocates to friends Enlist help of family and
- 610-278-3224 Administrator's Office Contact Court discuss options

See Section 3 for more information.

Jail, Court, Forensic Hospitalization Evaluation &

CALL community.

- Office, Welfare Office Social Security
- County Assistance Office
- 610-270-0375 Advocates
- 215-361-7784 NAMI

- Enroll in benefits
- Meet with probation
- Follow conditions of release
- Join support groups
- more information. See Section 4 for

Intercept 4

Re-entry

be released to the You have been or will

- Benefits such as
- Community

- Find peer support
- supportive housing Secure safe and

Intercept 5

Corrections/Community Community Support

crisis: munity. What to do in a You are back in the com-

CALL

- 855-634-4673 Support **Access Mobile Crisis**
- 610-279-6100 or MCES - Crisis Line Therapist or doctor (800) 452-4189
- Peer Specialist Recovery Coach

7

- Advocates
- NAMI
- 911 Ask for officer health trained in mental

- Have a support Be prepared for a crisis or relapse
- Consider a WRAP
- Volunteer Join support groups
- Find a job
- Go to school
- If needed, go to a hospital

See Section 5 for more information

CRISIS

"Crisis is a perception or experiencing of an event or situation as an intolerable difficulty that exceeds the person's current resources and coping mechanisms. Unless the person obtains relief, the crisis has the potential to cause severe affective, behavioral, and cognitive malfunctioning."

(James, Richard K. Crisis Intervention Strategies 6th edition, 2008)

Crisis is an unfortunate part of the human experience and is experienced differently by each person. Most crisis situations can be resolved with the help of natural supports (family, friends, spiritual and other community supports) or the help of mental health professionals (psychiatrists, counselors, mobile crisis) and peer support.

If there is not appropriate intervention, a crisis can become a *Psychiatric Emergency*, which involves immediate danger to self and/or others. In the event of immediate danger, you should call 911!